

# Field Theory

## 7th Set of Problems

### GENERAL THEORY OF RELATIVITY

- (a) From the 2-dimensional line element  $ds^2$  calculate the components  $g_{ik}$  of the metric tensor for the sphere, the cylinder barrel and a rotational paraboloid.  
(b) For the sphere and the cylinder barrel calculate the  $\Gamma_{kt}^i$  from the metric.
- Prove that if vector  $a^\lambda$  is tangent in a point  $P$  of a geodesic curve it will be tangent to this curved if parallel transported along the curve.
- Let  $\xi^0 = t, \xi^1, \xi^2, \xi^3$  be the coordinates of an inertial frame, i.e.  $ds^2 = dt^2 - (d\xi^1)^2 - (d\xi^2)^2 - (d\xi^3)^2$ . Let further  $x^0, x^1, x^2, x^3$  be the coordinates of a rotating frame that are subject to the following transformation

$$\begin{aligned}\xi^0 &= x^0, \\ \xi^1 &= x^1 \cos(\omega t) - x^2 \sin(\omega t), \\ \xi^2 &= x^1 \sin(\omega t) + x^2 \cos(\omega t), \\ \xi^3 &= x^3,\end{aligned}$$

where  $\omega$  is constant and  $\omega^2((x^1)^2 + (x^2)^2) \ll 1$ .

- (a) Calculate the Christoffel symbols through

$$\Gamma_{\alpha\beta}^\mu = \frac{\partial^2 \xi^\rho}{\partial x^\alpha \partial x^\beta} \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial \xi^\rho}.$$

- (b) Set up the equations of motion in the rotating coordinate system as

$$\frac{d^2 x^k}{dt^2} + \Gamma_{\alpha\beta}^k \frac{dx^\alpha}{dt} \frac{dx^\beta}{dt} = 0$$

and interpret the occurring terms.

- (c) Calculate the components  $g_{\mu\nu}(x), g^{\mu\nu}(x)$  of the metric tensor in the rotating system.
- Prove that

$$\phi^{\mu\nu} = h^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}\eta^{\mu\nu}h \quad \Rightarrow \quad h^{\mu\nu} = \phi^{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}\eta^{\mu\nu}\phi$$

- Prove that Einstein equations can be written as :

$$R_{\mu\nu} = -\kappa \left( T_{\mu\nu} - \frac{1}{2}g_{\mu\nu}T \right)$$

- Show that Kepler's 3rd law is valid for circular orbits around a Schwarzschild black-hole.
- What will be the orbital period of an observer in circular motion around a Schwarzschild black-hole at distance  $r = 12M$  as it measured a) by his clock, b) by a clock at infinity and c) by a standing clock at  $r = 12M$ ?